Set No. 1

Question Booklet No.

05833

16P/202/24/2(i)

	(To be fill	ed up b	v the cand	lidate by b	lue/black	hall-poi	int nau)	
Roll No.					- Individual of the second	oun-poi	m penj	
Serial No.	of OMR A	iswer S	heet	(20	16)	•••		
Day and l	Date	************	***************************************			(Signature of	Invigilator)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- 1. Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet no. and Set no. (if any) on OMR sheet and Roll No. and OMR sheet no. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken
- 8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.
- 9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this
- 12. Deposit only OMR Answer Sheet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

Total No. of Printed Pages: 32

[उपर्युक्त निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आवरण पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं।]



ROUGH WORK एक कार्य

No. of Questions: 120

Time: 2 Hours Full Marks: 360 Note: (1) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries 3 (Three) marks. One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question. (2) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one. 01. When the general equilibrium position (GEP) lies well above damage boundary (DB) and EIL, the pest is said to be a? (1)Major pest (2)Key pest (3) Minor pest (4) Sporadic pest 02. Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies israeliensis was first successfully used against: (1) Mosquitoes (2)Horseflies (3)Sandflies (4) Tsetse flies 03. Which one of the sugarcane pests has all India occurrence? (1) Chilo infuscatellus (2) Chilo sacchariphagus indicus (3) Chilo auricilius (4) Acigona steniella

04.	The nonchitinous layer of insect integument is:							
	(1)	Endocuticle	(2)	Exocuticle				
	(3)	Epicuticle	(4)	Epidermis				
05.	Inflo	prescence blight in cashew is o	cause	ed by:				
	(1)	Nephoteryx eugraphella	(2)	Crocidolomia binotalis				
	(3)	Solenothrips rubrocinctus	(4)	Helopeltis antonii				
06.	Bee	s was contains :						
	(1)	Hydroxy methyl furfural	(2)	Lauryl acetate				
	(3)	Glucose amine	(4)	Myricyl palmitate				
07.	Ind	oxacarb belongs to the group	of:					
	(1)	Carbamate	(2)	Pyrethroid				
	(3)	Oxadiazine	(4)	Indoxine				
08	. Ros	setting of flowers and interloc	ular	burrowing of bolls in cotton is				
	du	e to:						
	(1)	Earias	(2)	Spodoptera				
	(3)	Helicoverpa	(4)	Pectinophora				

09	. La	c sticks left after escape of ny	mphs	s are called :
	(1)	Chowri	(2)) Kiri
	(3)	Baisakhi	(4)	Phunkai
10). Th wa	e earliest attempt at introduct s with :	ion o	f a natural enemy made in India
	(1)	Rodalia cardinalis	(2)	Aphelinus mali
	(3)	Cryptolaemus montrouzieri	(4)	Encarsia Formosa
11	. Wh	nen more than one species of st, it is referred to as?	f para	asitoid is present in the same
	(1)	Superparasitism	(2)	Hyperparasitism
	(3)	Endoparasitism	(4)	Multiparasitism
12.	Afte	er release of phosphine, the no	ontox	ic grey material left as residue
	(1)	Aluminium chlodire	(2)	Aluminium hydroxide
	(3)	Aluminium phosphate	(4)	
13.	Whi	ich of the following are comorphogenetic responses in	e mo	ost effective in inducing
	(1)	Blue and yellow light	(2)	Blue and red light
	(3)	Orange and red light	(4)	Red and far-red light

14.	Pollen tubes and fungal hyphae exhibit:						
	(1)	Phototropic movement	(2)	Phototactic movement			
	(3)	Chemotactic movement	(4)	Chemotropic movement			
15.	Whi	ch of the following proteins	s is 1	responsible for the osmotic			
	adju	stment of salt adapted cells?					
	(1)	Traumatin	(2)	Aquaporin			
	(3)	Gluten	(4)	Osmotin			
16.	Whi	ch of the following instrumer	nt me	easures the photosynthesis in			
	plar	nts?					
	(1)	Osmometer	(2)	Infra red gas analyser			
	(3)	Porometer	(4)	Psychrometer			
17.	The	Stomatal pores open when?					
	(1)	H+ ions are pumped into the	e gua	ard cells			
	(2)	K+ ions are pumped out of t	he g	uard cells			
	(3)	Water moves into the guard	cells	s in response to a decrease in			
		water potential in the guard					
	(4)	Water moves out of the gu	ard o	cells in response to a decrease			
		water potential of the guard	cells	3			
				•			

18	3. W	hich of the following is the main enzyme of photosynthesis in maize					
		ant?					
	(1)	RuBP carboxylase	(2)	PEP Carboxylase			
r	(3)	Malic anhydrase	(4)	Superoxide desmutase			
19	. Fr	om which crop field the metha	ne en	nission takes place ?			
	(1)	Wheat	(2)	Rice			
	(3)	Maize	(4)	Sugar cane			
20	. Wh	nat is the current concentr	atio	n of carbon-dioxide in the			
		nosphere ?		aronia aroniae in the			
	(1)	270 ppm	(2)	300 ppm			
	(3)	396 ppm	(4)	700 ppm			
21.	C4	plants are mostly abundant in	:				
	(1)	Tropical region with more dry	ono	dition			
	(2)	Tropical region with more humid condition					
	(3)	Temperate region with more humid condition					
	(4)	Temperate region with dry con					

22. Which of the following equation is correct?

	(1)	DPD = O.P T.P.	(2)	DPD = O.P. + T.P.
	(3)	$DPD = O.P. \times T.P.$	(4)	DPD = O.P.
23.	ATP	molecules in glycolysis are sy	nthe	esized by:
	(1)	Substrate level phosphorylat	ion	
	(2)	Oxidative phosphorylation		
	(3)	Photophosphorylation		
	(4)	Photolysis of water		
24.		creased rate of photosynthesis	at h	nigh concentration of oxygen is
	(1)	Pasture effect	(2)	Emerson effect
	(3)	Warburg effect	(4)	Tanada effect
25	. Th	e famous book "Wealth of Nati	ions"	was written by:
	(1)	Robbins	(2) J.M. Keynes
	(3)	Marshall	(4) Adam Smith

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26	5. Re	ent is the reward for:				
	(1)	Labour	(2)	Capital		
	(3)	Land	(4)	Management		
27	'. Ma	arginal cost can be derived fr	rom :			
	(1)	Fixed cost	(2)	Variable cost		
	(3)	Average fixed cost	(4)	Average total cost		
28	. Wh	en marginal rate of technic	al subs	stitution is more than one, the		
	rela	ationship between the enter	prises i	s termed as?		
	(1)	Complementary	(2)	Competitive		
	(3)	Supplementary	(4)	None of the above		
29.	29. When marginal product is equal to average product, the elasticity of production becomes?					
	(1)					
	` ,	More than one	(2)	Less than one		
	(3)	Equal to one	(4)	Equal to zero		

30.	Whe	n marginal pr	l product ?					
	(1)	Increases at	decre	asing rate	(2)	Increases at	increa	asing rate
	(3)	Increases at	const	ant rate	(4)	Decreases at	incre	easing rate
31.	Imp	uted value of	family	y labour is	inclu	ded into :		
	(1)	Cost A ₁			(2)	$Cost\ A_2$		
	(3)	Cost B ₁			(4)	Cost C		
32.	NAE	BARD was set	up ir	ı year :				
	(1)	1980	(2)	1981	(3)	1982	(4)	1983
33.	Pro	cessing create	es:					
	(1)	Place utility			(2)	Time utility		
	(3)	Form utility			(4)	Possession 1	atility	
34	. In (case of food g	rains	the price e	lastic	ity of demand	is :	,
	(1)	More than	one		(2)	Equal to on	е	
	(3)	Equal to ze	ró		(4)	Less than o	ne	

35	. Ne	et worth is a measure of:		
	(1)	Liquidity	(2) Managerial ability
	(3)	Profitability	(4) Financial position
36		ternal rate of return is the d	iscou	nt factor at which net present
	(1)	Maximum	(2)	Zero
	(3)	Minimum	(4)	One
37	. Eff	ective weedicide for controllin	g wee	eds in transplanted rice crop is:
	(1)	Isoproturon	(2)	
	(3)	Butachlor	(4)	2, 4-D
38.	For	m of potassium held against t	he ne	gative charge of the soil colloid
	(1)	Non- Exch. K	(2)	Water soluble K
	(3)	Exch. K	(4)	Inert K
39.	Soil	temperature is influenced by	· :	
	(1)	Nitrogen	(2)	Phosphourus
	(3)	Potassium	(4)	Humus, contents

40.	At which crop stage of ground nut soil moisture stress is harmful the						
	mos	t ?					
	(1)	Early growth	(2)	Maturity			
	(3)	Pegging	(4)	Nut formation			
41.	Sym	biotic-N-fixing bacteria is :					
	(1)	Closteridium	(2)	Azotobacter			
	(3)	Rhizobium Sps.	(4)	Bacillus			
42.	Cro	p tolerant to frost during Dec	embe	r-January month is :			
	(1)	Pigeon pea	(2)	Patato			
	(3)	Wheat	(4)	Gram			
43	. The	e maximum area under wheat	in In	dia is occupied by the species :			
	(1)	Triticum aestivum	(2)	Triticum durum			
	(3)	Triticum diococcum	(4)	Triticum vulgare			

4	44. Who is known as the Father of Agronomy?						
	(1)) Jethro Tull			(2)	B. P. Pal	
٠	(3)	M. S. Swan	ninath	an	(4)	Pietro de Cre	escenzi
45	inc	hen soil pH o	hange	es from 7	.0 to	6.0, its H-ion	concentration
		1					
	(-)	•	(2)	10	(3)	100	(4) 1000
46	. The	e 17 th nutrient	adde	d to the lis	st of e	essential elemen	its is :
	(1)	boron			(2)	molybdenum	
	(3)	chlorine			(4)	nickel	
47.	Peg	in groundnu	ıt is a	a stalk-lik	e str	ucture (origina	ating from the
	mer	ristematic regi	on at	the base o	f the	ovary) known as	s:
	(1)	androphore			(2)	gynophore	
	(3)	perianth			(4)	androgynopho	re
48.	'Dep	oog' method of	raisir	ng nursery	is fo	llowed in :	•
	(1)	Tobacco			(2)	Paddy	
	(3)	Bajra			(4)	Onion	

49.	The	SPC/ml of milk as bacteriolo	gical	standard of raw fresh milk					
	considered as very good:								
	(1)	Between 200,000 and 1,000,000							
	(2)	Not exceeding 200,000							
	(3) Between 1,000,000 and 5,000,000								
	(4)	Over 5,000,000							
50	In A	artificial Insemination :							
00.	(1)	Transfer of embryo is done	(2)	Ovum is harvested					
	(3)	Semen is collected	(4)	In vitro fertilization is done					
51	. Rat	e of milk feeding to new born o	calves	should be:					
	(1)	1/10 th of body weight	(2)	1/20th of body weight					
	(3)	1/5 th of body weight	(4)	equal to body weight					
52	. Be	fore the first calf birth animal i	is cal	led:					
	(1)	Calf	(2)	Heifer					
	(3)	Cow female	(4)	Adult/animal					

- **53.** The minimum standards prescribed by the PFA (1976) rules for cow milk is:
 - (1) 3 to 4 per cent fat only
 - (2) 8.5 to 9 per cent solids not fat only
 - (3) Both 1 and 2
 - (4) None of these
- **54.** The minimum standards prescribed by the PFA (1976) rules for buffaloe milk is:
 - (1) 5 to 6 per cent fat only
 - (2) 9 per cent solids not fat only
 - (3) Both 1 and 2
 - (4) None of these
- **55.** How many kg. each of 28% cream and 3% milk will be required to make 500 kg. of a mixture testing 45 fat ?
 - (1) 25 kg. Cream and 475 kg. Milk
 - (2) 30 Kg. Cream and 470 Kg. Milk
 - (3) 20 Kg. Cream and 480 Kg. Milk
 - (4) 45 Kg. Cream and 455 Kg. Milk

56.	In HTST pasteurization the milk is heated to 72°C for:							
	(1)	15 Minutes	(2)	15 Seconds				
	(3)	30 Minutes	(4)	30 Seconds				
57.	Plas	tic cream contains :						
	(1)	65 to 85% milk fat	(2)	55 to 60% milk fat				
	(3)	45 to 55% milk fat	(4)	90 to 95% milk fat				
58.		lactic acid percentage by wei	ght n	naximum in sweet dahi should				
	be:	0.90 (2) 0.80	(3)	0.70 (4) 0.60				
59	. The	e lactic acid percentage by we	eight	maximum in sour dahi should				
	be (1)		(3)	2.00 (4) 3.00				
60) . In:	adequate homogenization of i	ce-cr	eam mix may result is a texture				
	de	efect called as:						
	(1) Icy	(2					
	(3	3) Buttery	('	4) Sandy				
			16					

61.	. All the front line TOT projects of ICAR have been merged in :						
	(1)	LLP	(2)	KVK			
	(3)	ATIC	(4)	NATP			
62.	Wh	ich one of the following is the	lates	et project of ICAR ?			
	(1)	IVLP	(2)	NAIP			
	(3)	NATP	(4)	KVK			
63.	An	entrepreneur's primary motiv	ation	for starting a business is:			
	(1)	To make money	(2)	To be independent			
	(3)	To be powerful	(4)	To be famous			
64.	You	a cannot do everything and the	e emp	ployees need to take ownership			
		he job, the type of leadership					
	(1)		(2)	Democratic			
	(3)	Laissez - faire	(4)	Participative			
65.	Whi	ich one of the following is n	ot a	part of the 3 tier democration			
	dece	entralization ?		. and a dor democratic			
	(1)	Village Panchayat	(2)	Caste Panchayat			
	(3)	Panchayat Samiti	(4)	Zilla Parishad			

66.	Adoj	oter category is based on:				
	(1)	Education	(2)	Awareness		
	(3)	Innovativeness	(4)	Innovation		
67.	The	process by which information	abou	t new breed of cattle is spread		
	thro	ough inter personal channel ov	er a	period of two years among the		
	won	nen members of village commu	ınity	will be suitably explained by:		
	(1)	Innovation	(2)	Diffusion		
	(3)	Adoption	(4)	Communication		
68.	68. When various aspect of culture in society change at unequal rates the situation will be explained by the theory of?					
	(1)			Globalization		
	(3)	Sanskritization	(4)	Cultural lag		
69. Who introduced "noise" as an element in the model of communica						
	pro	ocess?				
	(1)	Shannon and Weaver	(2)	•		
	(3)	Berlo	(4)	Leagans		
		1	8			

70	. Wh	Who is the chairman of National Institution for Transforming India								
	Aay	yog ?								
	(1)	Prime Min	ister		(2)	Chief Minis	ster			
	(3)	Agriculture	Min	ister	(4)	Developme	nt Co	ommissioner		
71.	Ske	eptical are :								
	(1)	Early majo	rity		(2)	Late majori	ity			
	(3)	Innovators			(4)	Laggards				
72.	The	word extens	sion w	as coined i	in whi	ch country ?				
	(1)	India			(2)	U.S.A.				
	(3)	U.K.			(4)	France				
73.	Ane	uploidy arisi	ng th	rough loss	of chr	omosomes is	term	ed as:		
	(1)	Hypoploidy			(2)	Nanoploidy				
	(3)	Lethoploidy	,		(4)	Aploidy				
74.	Com	plementary	intera	ection of ge	nes giv	ves the ratio	is :			
			(2)					1:1		

75.	Quar	ntitative inheritance is throug	h:					
	(1)	Effective genes	(2)	Special genes				
	(3)	Polygenes	(4)	Ultragenes				
76.	Who	discovered transponsons?						
	(1)	Hargobind Khorana	(2)	Morgan .				
	(3)	Hugo de Vries	(4)	Barbara McClintock				
77.	How	small is an episome, as	comp	pared to the main bacterial				
	chro	omosome?						
	(1)	1.0% (2) 0.75%	(3)	0.5% (4) 0.25%				
78.	Wha	at is Bt cotton?						
	(1)	igh-yielding hybrid of American cotton						
	(2)	Disease resistant variety of o	cotto	n .				
	(3)	Insect resistant variety of co	tton					
	(4)	Drought resistant variety of	cotto	on ·				
79	. Wh	en one gene specifics more tr	aits,	it is?				
	(1)	Pleiotropism	(2)	Atavism				
	(3)	Polytropism	(4) Dwarfism				

80.	. Acı	ridine orange is used for induc	ing :	
	(1)	DNA denaturation	(2)	Mutagenesis
	(3)	Chiasma formation	(4)	Bacterial transformation
81.	pB	R322 is a :		
	(1)	Colicin producer	(2)	Reconstructed plasmid
	(3)	Super coiled DNA	(4)	Hfr
82.	Nu	mber of chromosome in wheat	endo	esperm is :
	(1)	21 (2) 42	(3)	63 (4) 14
83.	The	statistical test applied to test	the g	oodness of fit is :
		χ^2 test	(2)	'F' test
	(3)	'Z' test	(4)	't' test
84.	For	dosage compensation in a	mam	mals, the phenomenon of
		erochromatization occurs in :		•
	(1)	One 'X' chromosome		
	(2)	Both 'X' chromosomes		
	(3)	Y' chromosome		
	(4)	One 'X' chromosome and one	Y' cl	nromosome

85.	Whic	Which of the following is pome fruit?						
	(1)	Pear			(2)	Pomegranate		
	(3)	Mango			(4)	Coconut		
86.	Punj	ab Dawn, Am	erica	n Beauty, (Gulal	are varieties o	f :	
	(1)	Baugainvillea	a		(2)	Gladiolus		
	(3)	Rose			(4)	Chrysanthem	um	
87.	Orig	in of African i	narig	old is				
	(1)	South Africa			(2)	North Africa		
	(3)	China			(4)	Mexico		
88.	The	basic chromo	some	number o	f rose	is		
	(1)	12	(2)	22	(3)	7	(4)	18
89.	Wh	ich one of the	follov	wing is ster	n veg	etable?		
	(1)	Knol-khol			(2)	Radish		
	(3)	Turnip			(4)	Carrot	-	

90.	Edible portion of Brussels sprouts is :						
	(1)	Root	(2)	Leaves			
	(3)	Capsule	(4)	Small head or bud			
91.	Wh	ich of the following is non-clin	nacte	ric fruit ?			
	(1)	Apple	(2)	Mango			
	(3)	Pineapple	(4)	Banana			
92.	Bitt	erness in carrot is due to :					
	(1)	Isopentanal	(2)	Carotene			
	(3)	Isocoumarin	(4)	Sulphoraphane			
93.	Edil	ole portion of grape is :					
	(1)	Pericarp and placentae	(2)	Mesocarp			
	(3)	Endocarp	(4)	Bract			
94.	Little	e leaf in brinjal is caused due	to :				
-	(1)	Fungus	(2)	Bacteria			
	(3)	Virus	(4)	Mycoplasma			

Bald	win a cultivar of apple is:		
(1)	Diploid	(2)	Triploid
(3)	Tetraploid	(4)	Octaploid
Holle	ow heart in potato is caused o	lue to):
(1)	Moisture deficiency	(2)	Excessive N ₂
(3)	Poor Ventilation	(4)	Low temperature
Gan	netangial meiosis found in :		
(1)	Erysiphe	(2)	Scleritinia
(3)	Cochliobolus	(4)	Phytophthora
Dik	aryotization in heterocious ru	st is	taken place at :
(1)	Same host	(2)	Collatral host
(3)	Alternate host	(4)	Animal host
410	to be the fun	on 18 :	
Alla	toxin is produced by the fun	guo .	
(1)	Aspergilus niger	(2)	Colletotrichum falcatum
(3)	Alternaria pori	(4)	Cercospora canescens
	(1) (3) Hollo (1) (3) Gan (1) (3) Dik (1) (3) Alfa (1)	(3) Tetraploid Hollow heart in potato is caused of (1) Moisture deficiency (3) Poor Ventilation Gametangial meiosis found in: (1) Erysiphe (3) Cochliobolus Dikaryotization in heterocious ru (1) Same host (3) Alternate host Alfa toxin is produced by the fun (1) Aspergilus niger	(1) Diploid (2) (3) Tetraploid (4) Hollow heart in potato is caused due to (1) Moisture deficiency (2) (3) Poor Ventilation (4) Gametangial meiosis found in: (1) Erysiphe (2) (3) Cochliobolus (4) Dikaryotization in heterocious rust is (1) Same host (2) (3) Alternate host (4) Alfa toxin is produced by the fungus: (1) Aspergilus niger (2)

100.8	100. Sulphure is used to control the:							
(1)	Web blight	(2)	Powdery mildew				
(3)	Rice blast	(4)	Downy mildew				
101. Identify the pathogen internally seed borne:								
(1)	Ustilago tritici	(2)	Ustlaginoidea virens				
(3	3)	Neovasia indica	(4)	Uncinula necator				
102.0)ot	able stranded circular DNA fo	und i	t :				
(1	L)	TMV	(2)	MYMV				
(3	3)	YVMV of Okara	(4)	Cauliflower mosaic virus				
103.A	lte	rnate host of wheat rust is :						
(1)	Sorghum	(2)	Oat				
(3)	Barberry	(4)	Maize				
104 . C	ell	wall of fungi is made of :						
(1)		Peptidoglycan	(2)	Chitin				
(3)		Cellulose	(4)	β -lactam				

105. Wh	ich of the following is o	considered as father of Indian					
phy	topathology ?						
(1)	B.B. Mundkur	(2) K.C. Metha					
(3)	M.K. Patel	(4) E.J. Butler					
106. Ber	agal famine is caused by:						
(1)	Alternaria	(2) Phytophthora					
(3)	Helminthosporium	(4) Erysiphe					
107. Per	ritrichous flagella arrangeme	ent is found in :					
(1)	Pseudomonas	(2) Erwinia					
(3)	Xanthomonas	(4) Agrobacterium					
108. W	hich of the following cause p	powdery mildew disease?					
	Erysiphe	(2) Sclerospora					
(3		(4) Aspergillus					
109. Negative potential at hygroscopic coefficient is approximatelybar.							
	1) 15 (2) 20	(3) 31 (4) 41					

110	110. The p ^H of 0.1NHCl solution is								
	(1)	0	(2)	1	(3)	2	(4)	3	
111	. The	available nit	rate a	nd ar	nmonium	form is	only%	of the total	
	nitı	rogen:							
	(1)	1-2	(2)	2-4	(3)	4-6	(4)	6-8	
112.		. is a consti	tuent	part	of the er	ızyme	nitrate red	uctase and	
		rogenase:		٠					
	(1)	$M_{_{o}}$			(2)	В			
	(3)	$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{e}}$			(4)	None	of these		
113.	Pres	ssure plate ap	parat	us is	used for	measui	rement of so	oil moisture	
		sion upto							
	(1)	4.2 bars			(2)	0.33 1	pars		
	(3)	15 bars			(4)	30 ba	rs		
114.	Spec	cific heat of m	ineral	fract	ion and or	ganic f	raction of so	ilara 0-	
		cal gm ⁻¹ °C ⁻¹ :				0	01 30	m are&	
	(1)	0.18 & 0.24			(2)	0.18 8	s 0.46		
((3)	0.46 & 0.18			(4)	0.24 &	0.18		

115.	5. Conversion of protein to amino acid is called.			
	(1)	Carbonation	(2)	Deamination
	(3)	Aminization	(4)	Amination
116. Which form of phosphate ions are absorbed by plants?				
	(1)	$H_2PO_4^-$		HPO ₄ ⁻²
	(3)	$H_2PO_4^-$ and HPO_4^{-2}	(4)	PO ₄ ⁻³
117. Retention of water molecules on clay particles occurs due to the force				
	of	•••••		
	(1)	Adhesion	(2)	Cohesion
	(3)	Adhesion and Cohesion	(4)	Centrifugation
118. Horizon in which redeposition of leached soil constituents occurs :				
	(1)	Horizon of eluviation	(2)	Horizon of illuviation
	(3)	Horizon of sedimentation	(4)	Horizon of precipitation
119. Red colour of the soils is due to the presence of:				
	(1)	Gibsite	(2)	Geothite
	(3)	Magnetite	(4)	Hematite

120. For accurate pH measurement, which of the following is often used?

- (1) Pocket pH meter
- (2) Dye solution

(3) pH meter

(4) Colour chart

ROUGH WORK एक कार्य

ROUGH WORK एक कार्य

अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली-काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- 2. परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। **इसे न तो मोड़ें और न** ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा। केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- ओ ० एम ० आर ० पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्नपुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्नपुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक और ओ० एम० आर० पत्र संख्या की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमित नहीं है।
- ा. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिए आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
- 9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिए केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो संबंधित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. रफ कार्य के लिए प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अंदर वाला पृष्ठ तथा उत्तर-पुस्तिका के अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- 12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ एम आर उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
- 13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
- 14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।